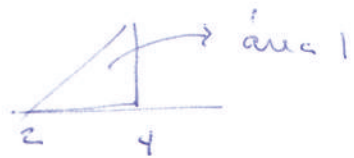


(1-) (a) $\beta_0 = -1$; $\beta_1 = 1/2$



(b) $F_x(x) = \int_2^x \left(\frac{u}{2} - 1\right) du$

Resp: $F_x(x) = \begin{cases} 1, & \text{se } x > 4 \\ \frac{(x-2)^2}{4}, & \text{se } 2 < x \leq 4 \\ 0, & \text{se } x \leq 2 \end{cases}$

(c) $P\{2.5 \leq X \leq 3.5\} = F(3.5) - F(2.5)$
 $= \frac{(3.5-2)^2}{4} - \frac{(2.5-2)^2}{4} = \boxed{\frac{1}{2}}$

(d) $P\{2.5 \leq X \leq 3.5 \mid X \leq 3.5\} = \frac{P\{2.5 \leq X \leq 3.5\}}{P\{X \leq 3.5\}}$
 $= \frac{0.5}{\frac{2.25}{4}} = \boxed{0.89}$

(e) $P\{X = 2.5\} = 0$

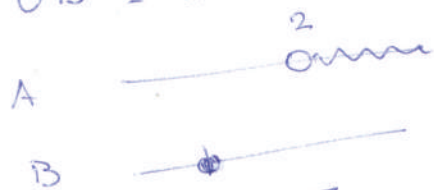
$$(2) F_x(x) = \begin{cases} 1 - 0,75 e^{-x}, & x \geq 0 \\ 0, & x < 0 \end{cases}$$

2/4

$$A = \{x > 2\} \quad \text{e} \quad B = \{x = 0\}$$

$$(a) P(A) = 1 - P\{x \leq 2\} = 1 - F_x(2) = 1 - [1 - 0,75 e^{-1}] = \underline{\underline{0,1015}}$$

$$(b) A^c \cup B^c = (A \cap B)^c$$



$$A \cap B = \emptyset \Rightarrow (A \cap B)^c = \Omega$$

$$P(\Omega) = 1$$

$$\boxed{P(A^c \cup B^c) = 1}$$

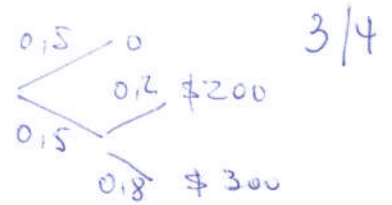
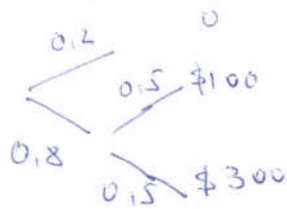
$$(c) P(B|A^c) = \frac{P(B \cap A^c)}{P(A^c)} = \frac{P(B)}{P(A^c)} = \frac{P(x=0)}{P\{x \leq 2\}} = \frac{0,25}{0,1015} = \underline{\underline{0,2782}}$$

$$(d) P(A|B^c) = \frac{P(A \cap B^c)}{P(B^c)} = \frac{P(A)}{P(B^c)} = \frac{0,1015}{1 - 0,25} = \underline{\underline{0,1353}}$$

$$\text{ou} = \frac{0,75 e^{-2}}{0,75} = \underline{\underline{e^{-2}}}$$

(3)

(a)



X_1	$P(x_1)$
0	0,2
100	$0,8 \times 0,5$
300	$0,8 \times 0,15$

X_2	
0	0,5
200	$0,5 \times 0,2$
300	$0,15 \times 0,8$

(b)

$$E(X_1) = \$160$$

$$E(X_2) = \$140$$

A 1ª questão a ser respondida é a questão 1

(c)

$$\begin{aligned}
 P_1 v_1 + P_1 P_2 v_2 &\geq P_2 v_2 + P_2 P_1 v_1 \\
 P_1 v_1 - P_2 P_1 v_1 &\geq P_2 v_2 - P_1 P_2 v_2 \\
 P_1 v_1 (1 - P_2) &\geq P_2 v_2 (1 - P_1)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\boxed{\frac{P_1 v_1}{1 - P_2} \geq \frac{P_2 v_2}{1 - P_1}}$$

4

$$f_x(x) = e^{-x}$$

$$Y = e^{-X}$$

4/4

(a) $R_Y = (0, 1]$

(b) $f_Y(y) = e^{-(-\ln x)} \left| \frac{1}{y} \right|$ $X = -\ln Y \Rightarrow \frac{dx}{dy} = \frac{1}{Y}$

$$= y \cdot \frac{1}{y} = 1$$

$$f_Y(y) = \begin{cases} 1, & 0 < y \leq 1 \\ 0, & \text{c.c.} \end{cases}$$

$\Rightarrow Y \sim \text{uniforme}(0, 1)$

(c) $E(Y) = \frac{1}{2}$

(d) $Z = \frac{Y - E(Y)}{\sqrt{\text{Var}(Y)}}$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Var}(Z) &= \text{Var}\left(\frac{Y - E(Y)}{\sqrt{\text{Var}(Y)}}\right) = \text{Var}\left(\frac{Y}{\sqrt{\text{Var}(Y)}}\right) \\ &= \frac{\text{Var}(Y)}{[\text{Var}(Y)]^2} = 1 \end{aligned}$$

ou simplement

$\text{Var}(Z) = 1$

pour Z est la variable Y standardisée!