

CRAN Task View: Probability Distributions

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Version: 2013-04-22

For most of the classical distributions, base R provides probability distribution functions (p), density functions (d), quantile functions (q), and random number generation (r). Beyond this basic functionality, many CRAN packages provide additional useful distributions. In particular, multivariate distributions as well as copulas are available in contributed packages. Ultimate bibles on probability distributions are

- different volumes of N. L. Johnson, S. Kotz and N. Balakrishnan books, e.g. Continuous Univariate Distributions, Vol. 1,
- Thesaurus of univariate discrete probability distributions by G. Wimmer and G. Altmann.
- Statistical Distributions by M. Evans, N. Hastings, B. Peacock.
- Distributional Analysis with L-moment Statistics using the R Environment for Statistical Computing, Asquith (2011).

The maintainer gratefully acknowledged Achim Zeileis, David Luethi, Tobias Verbeke, Robin Hankin, Mathias Kohl, G. Jay Kerns, Kjetil Halvorsen, William Asquith for their useful comments/suggestions. If you think information is not accurate or not complete, please let me know.

Base functionality:

- Base R provides probability distribution functions $p_{foo}()$ density functions $d_{foo}()$, quantile functions $q_{foo}()$, and random number generation $r_{foo}()$ where *foo* indicates the type of distribution: beta ($foo = \text{beta}$), binomial `binom`, Cauchy `cauchy`, chi-squared `chisq`, exponential `exp`, Fisher `Ff`, gamma `gamma`, geometric `geom`, hypergeometric `hyper`, logistic `logis`, lognormal `lnorm`, negative binomial `nbinom`, normal `norm`, Poisson `pois`, Student `t`, uniform `unif`, Weibull `weibull`. Following the same naming scheme, but somewhat less standard are the following distributions in base R: probabilities of coincidences (also known as "birthday paradox") `birthday` (only p and q), studentized range distribution `tukey` (only p and q), Wilcoxon signed rank distribution `signrank`, Wilcoxon rank sum distribution `wilcox`.
- On base R distributions, [prob](#) provides the characteristic function, while graphical methods for illustrating probability distributions can be found in [denstrip](#).

Discrete distributions:

- *Basic distributions* : The binomial distribution (in particular Bernoulli distribution) is already implemented in base R. The discrete uniform distribution can be easily obtained with the basic functions. Dirac distribution is provided by [distr](#). Truncated versions of the binomial and Poisson distributions as well as zero-inflated versions of the binomial, Poisson and negative binomial distributions are implemented in [VGAM](#). Zero-inflated Poisson distribution is available in [gamlss.dist](#).
- *Conway-Maxwell-Poisson distribution* : This can be found in [compoisson](#).
- *Delaporte distribution* : This can be found in [gamlss.dist](#) and [Delaporte](#).
- *Hypergeometric distributions* : Extended hypergeometric distribution can be found in [BiasedUrn](#) package, which provides not only p, d, q, r functions but also mean, variance, mode functions. Generalized hypergeometric distribution is implemented in [SuppDists](#).
- *Logarithmic distribution* : This can be found in [VGAM](#) and [gamlss.dist](#). A fast random generator is available for the logarithmic distribution is implemented in [Runuran](#) as well as the 'density' function.
- *Multinomial distribution* : This can be found in [mc2d](#), [LearnBayes](#) and [MCMCpack](#).
- *Sichel distribution* : This can be found in [gamlss.dist](#).
- *Triangle distribution* : The discrete triangle distribution can be found in [TRIANG](#).
- *Zero inflated/modified (ZI/ZM) distributions* : ZM (or Hurdle) Poisson, ZM logarithmic, ZI/ZM

negative binomial, ZI Poisson inverse Gaussian, ZI/ZM binomial, ZI/ZM beta binomial distributions are implemented in [gamlss.dist](#).

- *Zipf law* : Package [zipfR](#) provides tools for the Zipf and the Zipf-Mandelbrot distributions. [VGAM](#) also implements the Zipf distribution.
- *Further distributions* : The [VGAM](#) package provides several additional distributions, namely: Skellam, Yule-Simon, Zeta and Haight's Zeta, Borel-Tanner and Felix distribution.

Continuous distributions:

- *Arcsine distribution* : implemented in package [distr](#).
- *Beard distribution* : [ActuDistns](#) provide d, h, i, q functions for the Beard and the Makeham-Beard distributions.
- *Beta distribution and its extensions* : Base R provides the d, p, q, r functions for this distribution (see above). [actuar](#) provides moments and limited expected values, [ActuDistns](#) provides hazard and integrated hazard rate functions. It also provide the d, p, q, r functions for the generalized beta and the inverse transformed beta distribution. The zero and one inflated beta distribution can be found in [gamlss.dist](#) as well as generalized beta of the first and second kind. The beta of the second kind and the generalized beta distribution can also be found in [VGAM](#), [GB2](#) and [mc2d](#). Several special cases of the generalized beta distribution are also implemented in [VGAM](#): Lomax, inverse Lomax, Dagum, Fisk (aka log logistic), (inverse or not) paralogistic and Singh-Maddala distribution and in [mc2d](#): Pert.
- *Benini distribution* : Provided in [VGAM](#).
- *Birnbaum-Saunders distribution* : Provided in package [VGAM](#). The generalized Birnbaum-Saunders distribution is implemented in [gbs](#).
- *Box-Cox distributions* : [gamlss.dist](#) provides the Box-Cox normal, the Box-Cox power exponential and the Box-Cox t distributions.
- *Cardioid distribution* : Provided in [VGAM](#).
- *Cauchy distribution* : Base R provides the d, p, q, r functions for this distribution (see above). Other implementations are available in [lmomco](#).
- *Chen distribution* : Provided in [reliaR](#) and [ActuDistns](#).
- *Chi(-squared or not) distributions* : Base R provides the d, p, q, r functions for the chi-squared distribution, both central and non-central (see above). Moments, limited expected values and the moment generating function are provided by [actuar](#). Only d,r functions are available for the inverse chi-squared distribution by package [geoR](#). A fast random generator is available for the Chi distribution is implemented in [Runuran](#) as well as the density function. The non-central Chi distribution is not yet implemented. The chi-bar-squared distribution is implemented in [emdbook](#).
- *Davies distribution* : The Davies distribution is provided in [Davies](#) package.
- *Dirichlet distribution* : functions d, r are provided in [MCMCpack](#), [mc2d](#), [hyperdirichlet](#) and [bayesm](#). The generalized and the hyperdirichlet distributions are provided by [hyperdirichlet](#).
- *Eta-mu distribution* : Provided in [lmomco](#).
- *Exponential distribution and its extensions* : Base R provides the d, p, q, r functions for this distribution (see above). [actuar](#) provides additional functions such as the moment generating function, moments and limited expected values. It also has the d, p, q, r for the inverse exponential distribution. [ActuDistns](#) provides hazard and integrated hazard rate functions. The shifted and the truncated exponential distributions are implemented in [lmomco](#) package with d, p, q, r functions. d, p, q, r functions for the power and the skew power exponential type 1-4 distributions are implemented in [gamlss.dist](#) and [lmomco](#). [reliaR](#) and [ActuDistns](#) provide the generalized exponential, the inverse generalized exponential, the logistic exponential, the Marshall-Olkin Extended Exponential and the exponential extension distributions. A fast random generator is available for the power Exponential distribution is implemented in [Runuran](#) as well as the density function.
- *Fisher-Snedecor or F distribution* : Base R provides the d, p, q, r functions for the F distribution, possibly with a non-central parameter. Doubly non-central F distribution does not seem to be implemented?. [ActuDistns](#) provides integrated hazard rate function for generalized F distribution.
- *Frechet distribution* : Provided in [VGAM](#) and [evd](#). A fast random generator is available for the Frechet distribution is implemented in [Runuran](#) as well as the density function.

- *Friedman's Chi distribution* : Provided in [SuppDists](#).
- *Gamma distribution and its extensions* : Base R provides the d, p, q, r functions for this distribution (see above). [actuar](#) provides d, p, q, r functions for the inverse, the inverse transformed and the log gamma distributions while [ghyp](#) provides those functions for the variance gamma distribution. [VarianceGamma](#) provides d, p, q, r functions for the variance gamma distribution as well as moments (skewness, kurtosis, ...). [ActuDistns](#) provides hazard (h) and integrated hazard rate (i) functions for gamma distribution, q, h, i, q for the generalized gamma, the log-gamma distributions. [VGAM](#) provides d, p, q, r functions of the log gamma and the generalized gamma distribution. The generalized gamma distribution can also be found in [gamlss.dist](#). [reliaR](#) provides the log gamma distribution. See Pearson III for a three-parameter gamma distribution with a location parameter.
- *Gaussian (or normal) distribution and its extensions* : Base R provides the d, p, q, r functions for this distribution (see above). [ActuDistns](#) provides hazard (h) and integrated hazard rate (i) functions. The [truncnorm](#) package provides d, p, q, r functions for the truncated univariate gaussian distribution as well as functions for the first two moments. [actuar](#) provides the moment generating function and moments. d, p, q, r functions for the generalized inverse gaussian distribution can be found in [gamlss.dist](#) and [HyperbolicDist](#). A fast random generator is available for the (generalized) Inverse Gaussian distribution is implemented in [Runuran](#) as well as the density function. [SuppDists](#) provides functions for the inverse Gaussian distribution as well and furthermore includes functions for computing moments, skewness, kurtosis. [VGAM](#), [ActuDistns](#) and [fBasics](#) also implement the folded and the skewed normal distribution, the inverse Gaussian distribution, and [fBasics](#) the normal inverse Gaussian and standardized normal inverse Gaussian distributions. [lmomco](#) implements the generalized normal distribution. The log normal distribution is implemented in Base R (see above), but the 3-parameter lognormal distribution is available in [lmomco](#) and [FAdist](#). [ActuDistns](#) provides hazard (h) and integrated hazard rate (i) functions for the lognormal distribution. The package [loglognorm](#) implements d, p, q, r functions for the double lognormal distribution, as well as the raw moment, the expected value and the variance functions. The Exponentially modified Gaussian is available in [emg](#), [gamlss.dist](#) and [retimes](#). Finally, the multivariate Gaussian distribution is provided by the packages [mvtnorm](#) and [mnormt](#). [mvtnorm](#) implements the truncated multivariate normal distribution. [CompQuadForm](#) provides the distribution function of quadratic forms in normal variates.
- *General Error Distribution (also known as exponential power distribution)* : provided in [normalp](#) and [fExtremes](#), see *exponential* item.
- *Generalized Extreme Value distribution* : Provided in [lmomco](#) (d, p, q) , [VGAM](#), [evd](#), [evir](#), [FAdist](#) and [fExtremes](#) (d, p, q, r). Both bivariate and multivariate Extreme Value distributions as well as order/maxima/minima distributions are implemented in [evd](#) (d, p, r). [evdbayes](#) provides some additional functions for GEV distribution using MCMC.
- *Gompertz distribution* : Provided in [reliaR](#) and [ActuDistns](#). [ActuDistns](#) also provides hazard (h) and integrated hazard rate (i) functions.
- *Gumbel distribution* : Provided in packages [lmomco](#), [VGAM](#), [gamlss.dist](#), [FAdist](#), [reliaR](#), [ActuDistns](#) and [evd](#). [ActuDistns](#) also provides hazard (h) and integrated hazard rate (i) functions. A fast random generator is available for the Gumbel distribution is implemented in [Runuran](#) as well as the density function. The reverse Gumbel distribution is implemented in [lmomco](#) and [gamlss.dist](#). The Gumbel II distribution is implemented in [ActuDistns](#).
- *Hjorth distribution* : Provided in [ActuDistns](#).
- *Huber's least favourable distribution* : density and random generator in package [smoothmest](#).
- *Hyperbolic distribuion* : [fBasics](#), [ghyp](#), [GeneralizedHyperbolic](#) and [HyperbolicDist](#) packages provide d, p, q, r functions for the generalized hyperbolic distributions. [SkewHyperbolic](#) provides the skewed Hyperbolic Student t-Distribution. [fBasics](#) also implements the standardized generalized Hyperbolic distribution. A fast random generator is available for the hyperbolic distribution is implemented in [Runuran](#) as well as the density function.
- *J-shaped distribution* : Provided in [ActuDistns](#).
- *Johnson distribution* : Provided in [SuppDists](#).
- *Kappa distribution* : A 4-parameter Kappa distribution is provided in [lmomco](#) and [FAdist](#).
- *Kappa-mu distribution* : Provided in [lmomco](#).

- *Kendall's tau distribution* : Provided in [SuppDists](#).
- *Kruskal Wallis distribution* : Provided in [SuppDists](#).
- *Kumaraswamy distribution* : Provided in packages [VGAM](#), [ActuDistns](#) and [lmomco](#).
- *(Tukey) Lambda distribution and its extensions* : The generalized Lambda distribution (GLD) is well known for its wide range of shapes. There exists 3 kinds of GLD in the literature: RS, FMKL and FM5. The following packages implement such distributions (with d, p, q, r functions): [gld](#) provides the 3 kinds of GLD, [Davies](#) provides the RS type and [lmomco](#) provides the FMKL. The original Tukey Lambda distribution can be obtained as a special case of the generalized Lambda distribution.
- *Tukey's H distribution* : provided as a special case of Lambert W x F distribution.
- *Lai distribution* : Provided in [ActuDistns](#).
- *Lambert W x F distributions* : [LambertW](#) package provides d, p, q, r functions as well as the first 4 central moments and a qqplot.
- *Laplace and asymmetric Laplace distribution* : Provided in [lmomco](#), [VGAM](#) and [HyperbolicDist](#) packages. Laplace distribution (also called double exponential distribution) is implemented in [distr](#). A fast random generator is available for the Laplace distribution is implemented in [Runuran](#) as well as the density function. [smoothmest](#) implements the density and the random generator.
- *Linear failure rate distribution* : Provided in [reliaR](#) and [ActuDistns](#). [ActuDistns](#) also provides hazard (h) and integrated hazard rate (i) functions.
- *Loglog distribution* : Provided in [reliaR](#) and [ActuDistns](#). [ActuDistns](#) also provides hazard (h) and integrated hazard rate (i) functions.
- *Logistic distributions and its extensions* : Base R provides the d, p, q, r functions for this distribution (see above). [ActuDistns](#) also provides hazard (h) and integrated hazard rate (i) functions. [actuar](#) provides d, p, q, r functions for the log logistic (also called Fisk), the paralogistic and the inverse paralogistic distributions. [VGAM](#) package also implements these distributions plus the bivariate logistic distribution. The generalized logistic distribution (Type I, also known as skew-logistic distribution) is provided in [lmomco](#) and [glogis](#). [FAdist](#) the log-logistic distribution with two and three parameters. Finally, [ActuDistns](#) implements the log-logistic distribution.
- *Makeham distribution* : Provided in [ActuDistns](#) as well as Makeham-Beard and Makeham-Perks distributions.
- *Maxwell distribution* : Provided in [VGAM](#).
- *Nakagami distribution* : Provided in [VGAM](#).
- *Pareto distribution* : d, p, q, r functions are implemented in [VGAM](#) for the Pareto distribution type IV (which includes Burr's distribution, Pareto type III, Pareto type II (also called the lomax distribution) and Pareto type I) and the (upper/lower) truncated Pareto distribution. In an actuarial context, [actuar](#) provides d, p, q, r functions as well as moments and limited expected values for the Pareto I and II, the inverse Pareto, the 'generalized pareto' distributions, the Burr and the inverse Burr distributions. A fast random generator for the Burr and the Pareto II distribution is implemented in [Runuran](#) as well as the density. [mgpd](#) provides the density for the multivariate generalized Pareto distribution of type II, while [evd](#) provides the density for type I. [ActuDistns](#) also provides q, p, q, h functions of the Pareto II distribution and the Burr-X distribution. Finally [lmomco](#), [POT](#), [evd](#), [fExtremes](#), [FAdist](#) and [evir](#) packages implement the Generalized Pareto Distribution (from Extreme Value Theory), which is depending the shape parameter's value a Pareto II distribution, a shifted exponential distribution or a generalized beta I distribution.
- *Pearson's distributions* : Pearson type III available in [lmomco](#) and [FAdist](#). A log-Pearson type III distribution is also available in [FAdist](#). [PearsonDS](#) provides the d, p, q, r functions as well as the first four moments for the Pearson distributions: types I, II, III, IV, V, VI, VII.
- *Pearson's Rho distribution* : Provided in [SuppDists](#).
- *Perks distribution* : Provided in [ActuDistns](#) as well as the Makeham-Perks distribution.
- *Planck's distribution* : a random generator is available in [Runuran](#).
- *Phase-type distributions* : Provided in [actuar](#), see also [PhaseType](#) for inference.
- *Power distributions* : [reliaR](#) and [ActuDistns](#) implement the exponential power distribution.
- *Rayleigh distribution* : Provided in packages [VGAM](#) and [lmomco](#). Generalized and logistic Rayleigh distributions are available in [reliaR](#) and [ActuDistns](#).

- *Rice distribution* : Provided in [VGAM](#) and [lmomco](#).
- *Schabe distribution* : Provided in [ActuDistns](#).
- *Sinh-Arcsinh distribution* : Provided in [gamlss.dist](#).
- *Slash distribution* : Provided in [VGAM](#).
- *Spearman's Rho distribution* : Provided in [SuppDists](#).
- *stable distributions* : d, p, q, r functions are available in [fBasics](#) and [stabledist](#), the functions use the approach of J.P. Nolan for general stable distributions.
- *Student distribution and its extensions* : Base R provides the d, p, q, r functions for Student and non central Student distribution (see above). The skewed Student distribution is provided by [skewt](#), [sn](#) and [gamlss.dist](#) packages. d, p, q, r functions for the generalized t-distribution can be found in [gamlss.dist](#). [fBasics](#) provides d, p, q, r functions for the skew and the generalized hyperbolic t-distribution. The multivariate Student distribution is provided by the packages [mvtnorm](#) and [mnormt](#).
- *Triangle/trapezoidal distribution* : packages [triangle](#), [mc2d](#) and [VGAM](#) provide d, p, q, r functions for the triangle distribution, while the package [trapezoid](#) provides d, p, q, r functions for the Generalized Trapezoidal Distribution. A fast random generator is available for the triangle distribution is implemented in [Runuran](#) as well as the density function.
- *Tweedie distribution* : the Tweedie distribution is implemented in package [tweedie](#). Let us note that the Tweedie distribution is not necessarily continuous, a special case of it is the Poisson distribution.
- *Uniform distribution* : d, p, q, r functions are of course provided in R. See section RNG for random number generation topics. [ActuDistns](#) provides hazard and integrated hazard rate functions. [HI](#) generates uniformly random points on a bounded convex set, in particular the unit ball. [mvtBinaryEP](#) provides a generator for bivariate data correlated by the method of Emrich and Piedmonte.
- *Wakeby distribution* : A 5-parameter Wakeby is provided in [lmomco](#).
- *Weibull distribution and its extensions* : Base R provides the d, p, q, r functions for this distribution (see above). The inverse Weibull is provided by [actuar](#) package and also the moments and the limited expected value for both the raw and the inverse Weibull distribution. [FAdist](#) implements the three-parameter Weibull distribution, while [reliaR](#) and [ActuDistns](#) implement the exponential Weibull, the flexible Weibull, the generalized power weibull, the Marshall-Olkin Extended Weibull and the Weibull extension distributions. Finally, [lmomco](#) implements the Weibull distribution while [evd](#) implements the reverse Weibull distribution. d, p, q, r functions for the reverse generalized extreme value distribution are provided in [gamlss.dist](#).
- *Xie distribution* : Provided in [ActuDistns](#).

Mixture of probability laws:

- *Cauchy-polynomial quantile mixture* : d, p, q, r functions are provided by [Lmoments](#).
- *Gaussian mixture* : Functions d, r are provided by [mixtools](#) package when dealing with finite mixture models. [nor1mix](#) provides d, p, r functions for Gaussian mixture.
- *Gamma mixture* : Gamma shape mixtures are implemented (d, p, r) in the [GSM](#) package.
- *Generic mixtures* : there is an implementation via S4-class UnivarMixingDistribution in package [distr](#). [gamlss.mx](#) uses the [gamlss.dist](#) package.
- *Poisson Binomial distribution* : [poibin](#) implements the Poisson Binomial distribution.
- *Poisson lognormal distribution* : [poilog](#) implements the Poisson lognormal distribution.
- *Poisson-Tweedie exponential family models* : provided in [poistweedie](#).
- *Student mixture* : The [AdMit](#) package provides d, r functions for Student mixtures in the context of Adaptive Mixture of Student-t distributions.
- *von Mises Fisher mixture* : The [movMF](#) package provides d, r functions for finite von Mises Fisher mixtures.

Moments, skewness, kurtosis and etc:

- *Empirical moments* : base R provides `mean()`, `sd()`, `var()` functions to compute the mean, standard deviation and variance, respectively. The skewness is available in [agricolae](#), [e1071](#),

[GLDEX](#), [HyperbolicDist](#), [modeest](#), [moments](#), [npde](#), [TSA](#), [s20x](#) packages. The kurtosis is available in [agricolae](#), [e1071](#), [GLDEX](#), [HyperbolicDist](#), [moments](#), [npde](#), [TSA](#) packages. The raw or centered moments are provided in [e1071](#), [moments](#). L-moments are available in [lmom](#), [lmomco](#), [Lmoments](#), [GLDEX](#), trimmed L-moments are available in [lmomco](#), and [Lmoments](#), right-censored L-moments are available in [lmomco](#), and cumulants in [GLDEX](#). Finally, the mode is provided in [modeest](#).

- *Theoretical moments* : The [actuar](#) package implements raw moments, limited expected values and moment generating function for base R distributions. [HyperbolicDist](#) provides the mean, variance, skewness, kurtosis, mode, raw and centered moments for the hyperbolic, the generalized hyperbolic and the generalized inverse Gaussian distributions. [lmomco](#) provides L-moments (L), trimmed L-moments (TL), and right-censored [RC] for the following distributions: Asymmetric Exponential Power (L), Cauchy (TL), Eta-Mu (L), Exponential (L), Gamma (L), Generalized Extreme Value (L), Generalized Lambda (L and TL), Generalized Logistic (L), Generalized Normal (L), Generalized Pareto (L[RC] and TL), Gumbel (L), Kappa (L), Kappa-Mu (L), Kumaraswamy (L), Laplace (L), Normal (L), 3-parameter log-Normal (L), Pearson Type III (L), Rayleigh (L), Reverse Gumbel (L[RC]), Rice/Rician (L), Truncated Exponential (L), Wakeby (L), and Weibull (L). Multivariate L-moments (L-comoments) are provided in [lmomco](#).

Random matrices:

- *Wishart and inverse Wishart distributions* : Base R provides the `r` function for the Wishart distribution. the `d`, `r` functions are provided in [MCMCpack](#) and [bayesm](#).
- *Marcenko-Pastur distribution* : provided in [RMTstat](#), [MCMCpack](#) and [bayesm](#).
- *Tracy-Widom distribution* : provided in [RMTstat](#), [MCMCpack](#) and [bayesm](#): supported beta values are 1 (Gaussian Orthogonal Ensemble), 2 (Gaussian Unitary Ensemble), and 4 (Gaussian Symplectic Ensemble).
- *Wishart distribution* : provided in [RMTstat](#).
- *Spiked Wishart Maximum Eigenvalue Distributions* : provided in [RMTstat](#), [MCMCpack](#) and [bayesm](#).
- *White Wishart Maximum Eigenvalue Distribution* : provided in [RMTstat](#), [MCMCpack](#) and [bayesm](#).

Copulas:

- *Unified approaches* : The packages [fCopulae](#), [copula](#), and [copBasic](#) provide a lot of general functionality for copulas. Although lacking support for many existing copulas themselves, [copBasic](#) is primarily oriented around utility functions for the general mathematics of copulas as described in the well known introduction to copulas by Nelson.
- *Archimedean copulas* : The Frank bivariate distribution is available in [VGAM](#). [fCopulae](#) implements the 22 Archimedean copulas of Nelsen (1998, *Introduction to Copulas*, Springer-Verlag) including Gumbel, Frank, Clayton, and Ali-Mikhail-Haq. [gumbel](#) is a standalone package for the Gumbel copula and [VGAM](#) provides the Ali-Mikhail-Haq bivariate distribution. [nacopula](#) provides Ali-Mikhail-Haq, Clayton, Frank, Gumbel and Joe copulas. [CDVine](#) and [VineCopula](#) provide Clayton, Gumbel, Frank, Joe, BB1, BB6, BB7 and BB8 copulas. Generalized Archimedean copulas are implemented in the [fgac](#) package.
- *Blomqvist copula* : provided in [copBasic](#).
- *Composition of copula* : [copBasic](#) provides functions for composition of a single symmetric copula and composition of two copulas.
- *Cubic copula* : Not yet implemented?
- *Dirichlet copula* : Not yet implemented?
- *Empirical copula* : provided in [copBasic](#).
- *Elliptical copulas* : Gaussian, Student and Cauchy copulas are implemented in [fCopulae](#) for the bivariate cases. [copula](#), [CDVine](#), [VineCopula](#) provide the Gaussian and the Student copula.
- *Extreme value copulas* : [fCopulae](#) provides the following copulas Gumbel, Galambos, Husler-Reiss, Tawn, or BB5. [copula](#) also implements Gumbel, Galambos and Husler-Reiss.
- *Eyraud-Farlie-Gumbel-Morgenstern copula* : Provided in [VGAM](#) and [copula](#).
- *Mardia copula* : Not yet implemented?

- *Nested copulas* : arbitrary nested versions of copulas can be implemented in [nacopula](#).
- *Plackett* : Provided in [VGAM](#), [copBasic](#) and [copula](#).
- *Vine copulas* : Packages [CDVine](#), [VineCopula](#) provide functions for C- and D-vine copulas and for general R-vine copulas, respectively.

Random Number Generators:

- *Basic functionality* : R provides several random number generators (RNGs). The random seed can be provided via `set.seed` and the kind of RNG can be specified using `RNGkind`. The default RNG is the Mersenne-Twister algorithm. Other generators include Wichmann-Hill, Marsaglia-Multicarry, Super-Duper, Knuth-TAOCP, Knuth-TAOCP-2002, as well as user-supplied RNGs. For normal random numbers, the following algorithms are available: Kinderman-Ramage, Ahrens-Dieter, Box-Muller, Inversion (default). In addition to the tools above, [setRNG](#) provides an easy way to set, retain information about the setting, and reset the RNG.
- *Pseudo-randomness* : [RDieHarder](#) offers several dozen new RNGs from the GNU GSL. [randtoolbox](#) provides more recent RNGs such as SF Mersenne-Twister and WELL, which are generators of Mersenne Twister type, but with improved quality parameters. [rngwell19937](#) provides one of the WELL generators with 53 bit resolution of the output and allows seeding by a vector of integers of arbitrary length. [randaes](#) provides the deterministic part of the Fortuna cryptographic pseudorandom number generator (AES). [SuppDists](#) implements two RNGs of G. Marsaglia.
 - Support for several independent streams: [rsprng](#) implements Scalable Parallel RNGs library. [rstream](#) focuses on multiple independent streams of random numbers from different sources (in an object oriented approach).
 - For non-uniform generation, the [Runuran](#) package interfaces to the UNU.RAN library for universal non-uniform generation as well as customised distributions based on polynomial interpolation of the inverse cumulative distribution function.
- *Quasi-randomness* : The [randtoolbox](#) provides the following quasi random sequences: the Sobol sequence, the Halton (hence Van Der Corput) sequence and the Torus sequence (also known as Kronecker sequence). [lhs](#) and [mc2d](#) packages implement the latin hypercube sampling, an hybrid quasi/pseudo random method.
- *True randomness* : The [random](#) package provides several functions that access the true random number service at [random.org](#).
- *RNG tests* : [RDieHarder](#) offers numerous tests of RNGs based on a reimplementaion and extension of Marsaglia's DieHarder battery. [randtoolbox](#) provides basic RNG tests.
- *Parallel computing* : Random-number generators for parallel computing are available via the [rsprng](#) package and the [rlecuyer](#) package. See the [HighPerformanceComputing](#) task view for more details.

Miscellaneous:

- *Benchmark* : A set of 28 densities suitable for comparing nonparametric density estimators in simulation studies can be found in the [benchden](#) package. The densities vary greatly in degree of smoothness, number of modes and other properties. The package provides `d`, `p`, `q` and `r` functions.
- *Empirical distribution* : Base R provides functions for univariate analysis: (1) the empirical density (see `density`), (2) the empirical cumulative distribution function (see `ecdf`), (3) the empirical quantile (see `quantile`) and (4) random sampling (see `sample`).
- *Hierarchical models* : Distributions whose some parameters are no longer constant but random according to a particular distribution. [VGAM](#) provides a lot of hierarchical models: beta/binomial, beta/geometric and beta/normal distributions. [bayesm](#) implements: binary logit, linear, multivariate logit and negative binomial models. Furthermore [LearnBayes](#) and [MCMCpack](#) provides poisson/gamma, beta/binomial, normal/normal and multinomial/Dirichlet models.
- *Object-orientation* : General discrete and continuous distributions are implemented in package [distr](#) respectively via S4-class `DiscreteDistribution` and `AbscontDistribution` providing the classic `d`, `p`, `q` and `r` functions. [distrEx](#) extends available distributions to multivariate and conditional distributions as well as methods to compute useful statistics (expectation, variance,...) and distances between distributions (Hellinger, Kolmogorov,... distance). Finally package [distrMod](#) provides functions for

the computation of minimum criterion estimators (maximum likelihood and minimum distance estimators). See other packages of the `distr`-family ([distrSim](#), [distrTEst](#), [distrTeach](#), [distrDoc](#), [distrEllipse](#)).

- *Transformation* : Lebesgue decomposition are implemented in [distr](#), as well as Convolution, Truncation and Huberization of distributions. Furthermore, [distr](#) provides distribution of the maximum or minimum of two distributions. See Object-orientation above.
- *Non Parametric distributions* : [spd](#) provides the Semi Parametric Piecewise Distribution, while [fBasics](#) implements spline smoothed distributions.
- *User Interface* : [AtelieR](#) package provides a GTK GUI for teaching basic concepts in statistical inference, implementing all the R base distributions as well as the generalized Student, the inverse Chi-square, the inverse gamma and the lambda-prime distributions.
- *Transversal functions* : Package [modeest](#) provides mode estimation for various distributions, while [lmomco](#) and [Lmoments](#) focus on univariate/multivariate (L-)moments estimation. [VGAM](#) provides a lot of parameter estimation for usual and "exotic" distributions. [gaussDiff](#) provides a collection difference measures for multivariate Gaussian probability density functions Package [MASS](#) implements the flexible `fitdistr` function for parameter estimations. [fitdistrplus](#) greatly enlarges and enhances the tools to fit probability distributions.

CRAN packages :

- [actuar](#) (core)
- [ActuDistns](#) (core)
- [AdMit](#)
- [agricolae](#)
- [AtelieR](#)
- [bayesm](#)
- [benchden](#)
- [BiasedUrn](#)
- [CDVine](#)
- [compoisson](#)
- [CompQuadForm](#)
- [copBasic](#)
- [copula](#) (core)
- [Davies](#)
- [Delaporte](#)
- [denstrip](#)
- [distr](#) (core)
- [distrDoc](#)
- [distrEllipse](#)
- [distrEx](#)
- [distrMod](#)
- [distrSim](#)
- [distrTeach](#)
- [distrTEst](#)
- [e1071](#)
- [emdbook](#)
- [emg](#)
- [evd](#)
- [evdbayes](#)
- [evir](#)
- [FAdist](#)
- [fBasics](#)
- [fCopulae](#) (core)
- [fExtremes](#)
- [fgac](#)

- [fitdistrplus](#)
- [gamlss.dist](#) (core)
- [gamlss.mx](#)
- [gaussDiff](#)
- [GB2](#)
- [gbs](#)
- [GeneralizedHyperbolic](#)
- [geoR](#)
- [ghyp](#)
- [gld](#)
- [GLDEX](#)
- [glogis](#)
- [GSM](#)
- [gumbel](#)
- [HI](#)
- [HyperbolicDist](#)
- [hyperdirichlet](#)
- [LambertW](#)
- [LearnBayes](#)
- [lhs](#)
- [lmom](#)
- [lmomco](#) (core)
- [Lmoments](#)
- [loglognorm](#)
- [MASS](#)
- [mc2d](#)
- [MCMCpack](#)
- [mgpd](#)
- [mixtools](#)
- [mnormt](#) (core)
- [modeest](#)
- [moments](#)
- [movMF](#)
- [mvtBinaryEP](#)
- [mvtnorm](#) (core)
- [nacopula](#)
- [nor1mix](#)
- [normalp](#)
- [npde](#)
- [PearsonDS](#) (core)
- [PhaseType](#)
- [poibin](#)
- [poilog](#)
- [poistweedie](#)
- [POT](#)
- [prob](#)
- [randaes](#)
- [random](#)
- [randtoolbox](#)
- [RDieHarder](#)
- [reliaR](#) (core)
- [retimes](#)
- [rlecuyer](#)
- [RMTstat](#)

- [rngwell19937](#)
- [rsprng](#)
- [rstream](#)
- [Runuran](#)
- [s20x](#)
- [setRNG](#)
- [SkewHyperbolic](#)
- [skewt](#)
- [smoothmest](#)
- [sn](#)
- [spd](#)
- [stabledist](#)
- [SuppDists](#) (core)
- [tmvtnorm](#)
- [trapezoid](#)
- [TRIANG](#)
- [triangle](#)
- [truncnorm](#)
- [TSA](#)
- [tweedie](#)
- [VarianceGamma](#)
- [VGAM](#) (core)
- [VineCopula](#)
- [zipfR](#)

Related links:

- [actuar: An R package for actuarial science](#)
- [Advices to implement \(new\) distributions in R](#)
- [Clickable diagram of distribution relationships](#)
- [fCopulae, fBasics, randtoolbox packages, part of the Rmetrics project](#)
- [Journal of Statistical Software: R programs for truncated distributions](#)
- [The "distrXXX"-family of R-packages](#)
- [The R wiki on distributions](#)
- [Overview of vine copula models](#)